

Stochastic Mortality Modeling with Lévy processes

Chou-Wen Wang¹
Hong-Chih Huang²
I-Chien Liu³

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Abstract

The main purpose of this paper is to construct a stochastic mortality model which incorporates the Lévy processes with the classical Lee-Carter (LC) model. Using the Human Mortality database (HMD), we find that the mortality index k_t of the LC model is mean-reverting process with jumps. As a result, we adopt the Lévy processes - Variance Gamma Process (VG) - to model the mortality index. Based on criterions of log likelihood function (LLF), Akaike Information Criterion (AIC) and Bayes Information Criterion (BIC), the numerical results demonstrate that the Lee-Carter (LC) model with mortality index following VG process provides a better goodness-of-fit results of mortality rate than those of the original Lee-Cater model when we consider a longer time period including the World War I and World War II. In addition, based on the criterion of mean absolute percentage error, the LC model with the VG process also provides a better mortality projection.

Keywords: Mortality model; Lévy process; Variance Gamma Process; Lee-Carter model

¹ Associate Professor, Department of Risk Management and Insurance, National Kaohsiung First University of Science and Technology, Kaohsiung, Taiwan.

² Professor, Department of Risk Management and Insurance, National Chengchi University, Taipei, Taiwan.

³ Department of Risk Management and Insurance, National Chengchi University, Taipei, Taiwan. E-mail: horn8802@gmail.com *Corresponding author.